Filed in District Court State of Minnesota Nov 8, 2022

State of Minnesota District Court

County of Hennepin Fourth Judicial District

State of Minnesota,

Judge Lisa K. Janzen

Case Type: Criminal

ORDER

v.

Plaintiff.

Rasheed Richardson,
Defendant.
Case No. 27-CR-20-26577

## FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. Defendant (date of birth 03/01/1976) was charged with Stalking (Felony), First Degree Damage to Property (Felony), and six counts of Possess Ammo (Felony) arising from an incident alleged to have occurred on 03/25/20. On 10/29/21, Judge Koch found probable cause to believe that the felony charges were committed and that Defendant committed them for Rule 20 purposes.
- 2. On 04/19/22, Judge Janzen ordered that Defendant undergo an evaluation to assess Defendant's competency to proceed in this matter pursuant to Minn.R.Crim.P. 20.01.
- 3. Dr. Turner, Ph.D., LP, ABPP, for Direct Care and Treatment Forensic Services, reviewed Defendant's records, interviewed Defendant, and filed a written report with this Court.
- 4. Dr. Turner, Ph.D., LP, ABPP, for Direct Care and Treatment Forensic Services, opined that Defendant, due to mental illness or cognitive impairment, lacks the ability to rationally consult with counsel; or lacks the ability to understand the proceedings or participate in the defense. This opinion was uncontested by either party.
- 5. On 07/12/22, Judge Lisa Janzen found Defendant incompetent to stand trial and ordered the criminal proceedings in this matter be suspended until Defendant is restored to competency to proceed.

- 6. On 08/24/22, Judge Browne of Hennepin County District Court issued an Order for Continued Commitment in MNCIS Case No. 27-MH-PR-22-59; the Defendant remained civilly committed to the Commissioner of Human Services.
- 7. On 04/27/22, the Defendant was admitted to AMRTC.
- 8. On 10/26/22 a Notification of Reduction in Custody was filed into this criminal case, noting a Provisional Discharge to RS Eden to go into effect on or after 11/7/22 as the Defendant was determined to no longer require in-patient level of care as of 10/26/22.
- 9. Defendant remains incompetent and the criminal case remains suspended pursuant to Minn.R.Crim.P. 20.01, Subd. 6(b).
- 10. If the Criminal Court Judge denied the request to provisionally discharge the defendant to RS Eden, the defendant would be released to the jail on the previously ordered bail.
- 11. The Hennepin County Jail does not provide competency restoration treatment or therapy and is not able to administer *Jarvis* orders.
- 12. If the defendant was provisionally discharged to the jail, the court would have to make the impossible decision as to whether to keep the incompetent defendant in the jail not receiving treatment with a suspended criminal case, or, to release the defendant to the street.
- 13. Given the options, Judge Janzen approved the request to provisionally discharge Defendant and bail was amended.

## **ANALYSIS**

There is no case directly on point in Minnesota as to whether an incompetent defendant, whose criminal case has been suspended, can be held in the jail awaiting restoration to competency while not receiving competency restoration treatment at said jail. In dealing with similar issues, courts around the country have held that "incompetent criminal defendants – as pretrial detainees – have a liberty interest in being free from incarceration absent a criminal conviction." *Goodman v. Utah Department* 

of Human Services, 180 F.Supp.3d 998, 1009 (D. Utah 2016); that the "Constitutional questions pertaining to the pretrial confinement of incompetent criminal defendants are analyzed under the due process clause of the Fourteenth Amendment." *State v. Hand,* 429 P.3d 502 (Wash. 2018); and that the relevant question is whether the nature and duration of said detention, "is reasonably related to the purpose for which he was committed." Id. (citing *Jackson v. Indiana,* 406 U.S. 715, 738, 92 S.Ct. 1845, 32 L.Ed.2d 435 (1972)).

In *Jackson*, the court held that:

a person charged by a State with a criminal offense who is committed solely on account of his incapacity to proceed to trial cannot be held more than the reasonable period of time necessary to determine whether there is a substantial probability that he will attain that capacity in the foreseeable future. If it is determined that this is not the case, then the State must either institute the customary civil commitment proceeding that would be required to commit indefinitely any other citizen, or release the defendant. Furthermore, even if it is determined that the defendant probably soon will be able to stand trial, his continued commitment must be justified by progress toward that goal.

406 U.S. 715, 738, 92 S.Ct. 1845, 32 L.Ed.2d 435 (1972). Similarly, in *United States v. Jackson*, 306 F.Supp. 4 (N.D.Cal. 1969), the court held that the accused, who was incompetent to stand trial because of serious mental illness, that was not likely to be cured in foreseeable future, and who had already spent over a year and a half in federal hospital must be discharged from federal custody and responsibility for accused should transfer to state. The underlying tone in all of these decisions is the general understanding as stated in *Cook v. Ciccone*, 312 F.Supp. 822 (W.D.Mo. 1970), that "Such consideration is dictated by the inherent unfairness and substantial injustice in keeping an unconvicted person in federal custody to await trial where it is plainly evident his mental condition will not permit trial within a reasonable period of time." 312 F.Supp. at 824.

## ORDER

- 1. Defendant is released in the criminal case under the conditions set forth in the in the amended conditional release order.
- 2. Defendant is ordered to cooperate with his civil commitment including following all treatment recommendations and appearing at all court appearances in the civil and criminal cases.
- 3. DHS shall continue to submit a written reports addressing the Defendant's competency to proceed in the criminal case when the Defendant has attained competency, or at least every six months.

BY THE COURT:

DATED: November 8, 2022

Lisa K. Janzen

Judge of District Court Fourth Judicial District

## MINNESOTA JUDICIAL BRANCH